

**Project definition:** Design of a simulated broken leg including broken femur in the thigh and broken tibia and fibula in the leg.

**Problem definition:** This model would be used to teach trauma resuscitation. The model would contain simulated bone and silicone muscles with overlying skin. There would be a simulated knee that operates as a hinge for flexion and extension of the leg on the thigh. Overall, from the outside the leg would look like Figure 1 below.

Figure 1 Outside appearance of broken leg

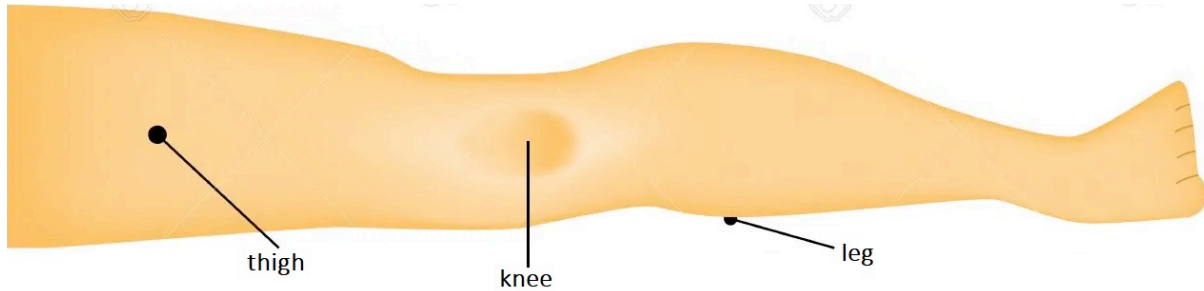


Figure 2 Fractured femur in thigh	Figure 3 Fractured tibia and femur in leg	Figure 4 hinge movement at knee

**Existing solutions:**

There are sophisticated and expensive fracture reduction training models on the market, such as the one for the wrist fractures – Colles fracture<sup>1</sup>. The model for the broken leg does not require anatomical detail of muscles or bone - only the mechanism to pull broken “bones” away from each other (distraction) to restore the normal position<sup>2</sup> – reduction of a fracture.

**Main customer demands:**

1. Inside: broken “bones” – femur, tibia, femur
2. Inside: silicone muscles – with no anatomical detail. Silicone is heavy. Modifications may be needed to reduce the weight of the leg
3. Overlying silicone skin

4. A hinge that allows for moderate flexion and extension of the leg
5. A silicone foot

**Bibliography:**

1. Colles fracture reduction training model <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZtjlsPVUwsA>
2. Closed reduction of fracture <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cy6f7he2e4w>